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American Society of Hematology
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ALLCAR19: UPDATED DATA USING AUTO1, A NOVEL FAST-OFF RATE
CD19 CAR IN ADULT RELAPSED/REFRACTORY B-ACUTE
LYMPHOBLASTIC LEUKAEMIA

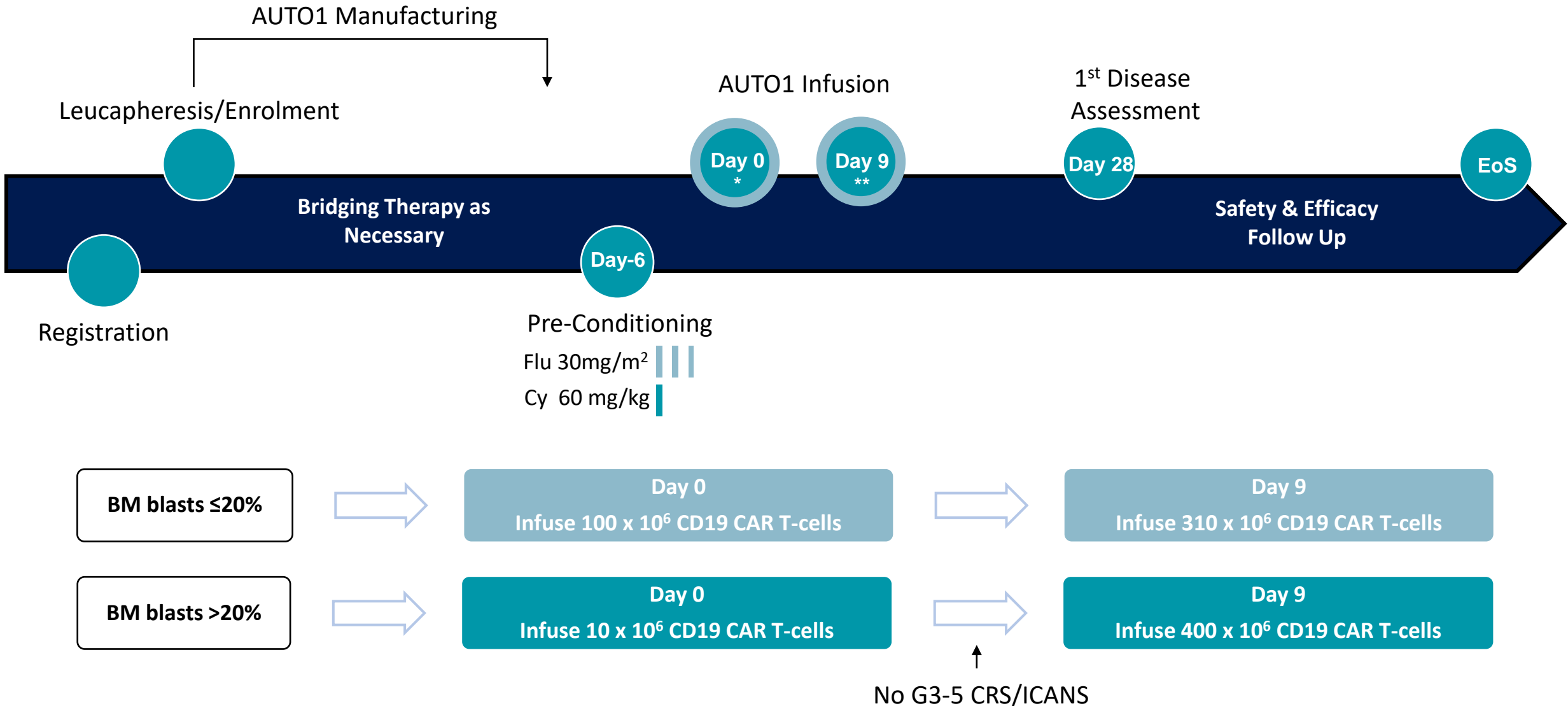
Claire Roddie, Maeve A O'Reilly, Maria A V Marzolini, Leigh Wood, Juliana Dias Alves Pinto, Mahnaz Abbasian, Ketki Vispute, Mark W Lowdell, Graham Wheeler, Joanna Olejnik, Bilyana Popova, Kim Champion, Alexia Gali, Yashma Pathak, Victoria Spanswick, Helen Lowe, John A Hartley, Farzin Farzaneh, David Linch, Martin Pule and Karl Peggs

- Adult B-ALL prognosis is poor; long-term remission rates limited to 30-40%
 - 50% of all adult patients will relapse, with 5-year OS 7% (Fielding et al., 2007)
- Currently the only curative option for r/r ALL is allo-SCT in CR2, but <50% achieve CR2
- Blinatumomab and inotuzumab ozogamicin act as a bridge to allo-SCT (Topp et al. 2015; Kantarjian et al., 2019)
- CD19 CAR T can deliver excellent response rates but with considerable toxicity, particularly in elderly patients

- **Currently available CARs:** *high affinity CD19 binders*
- **AUTO1:** *Lower affinity CD19 binder with fast off-rate**
 - Physiological T-cell activation
 - Reduced toxicity
 - Improved engraftment
 - Potential long-term persistence, to deliver sustained responses

ALLCAR19 Study Design:

B-ALL arm



Primary Endpoints

- Grade 3-5 toxicity causally related to the ATIMP
- Feasibility of adequate leucapheresis & generation of AUTO1 CAR T-cells

Secondary Endpoints

- Depth of response at 1 and 3 months post ATIMP
 - Persistence of CD19CAR T-cells in peripheral blood
 - Incidence and duration of hypogammaglobulinaemia & B-cell aplasia
 - Relapse rate, disease-free, overall survival, 1 & 2 years
-

Inclusion

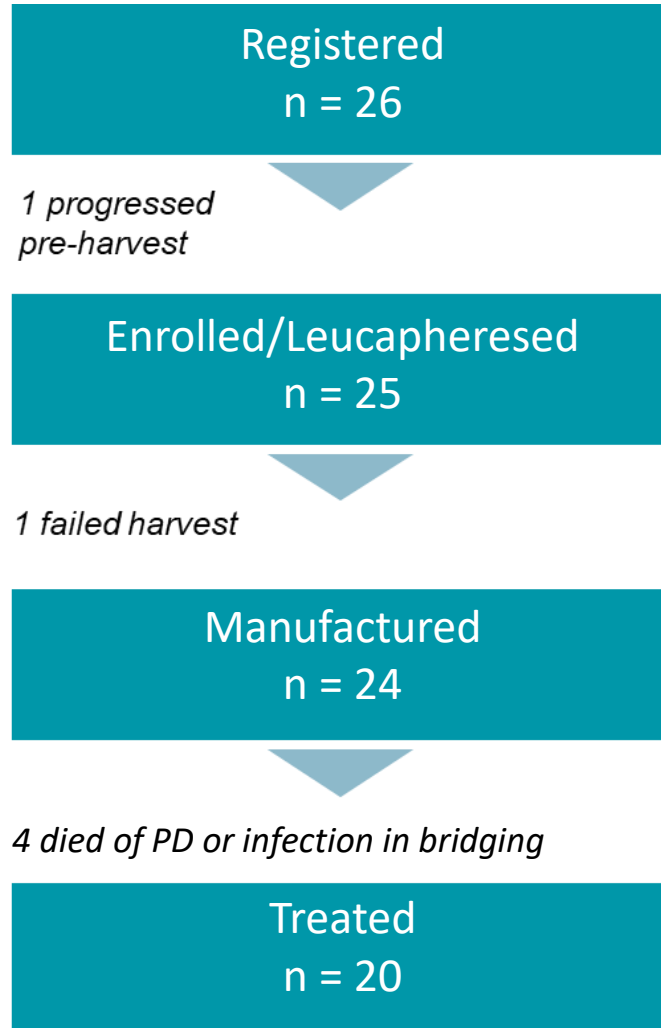
- Age 16 to 65 years
- High risk or relapsed histologically confirmed CD19+ B-ALL following standard therapy requiring salvage in whom alternative therapies are deemed inappropriate by their treating physician

Exclusion

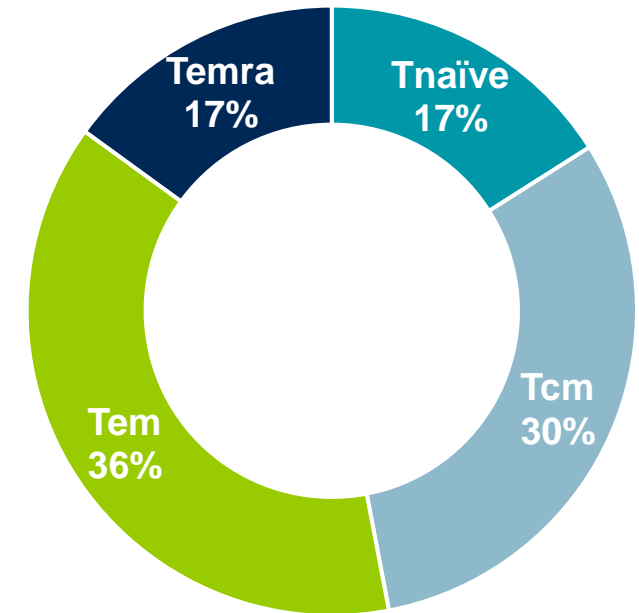
- CD19 negative disease
 - Overt CNS involvement/isolated extramedullary disease
 - Active hepatitis B, C or HIV infection
 - Stem Cell Transplant patients only: no active GVHD
 - Significant neurotoxicity following blinatumomab
-

No exclusion for prior blinatumomab or inotuzumab ozogamicin

ALLCAR19 Manufacturing: *Product Characteristics & Feasibility*



- 100% of successful harvests result in a QP released product
- Semi-automated closed manufacturing process was used in 18/24 products
- Advantages of closed process includes:
 - rapid, standardised manufacture
 - trend towards lower exhaustion markers
 - enrichment for Tcm and Tnaive CAR+ cells (47%)
- Mean transduction efficiency 66.5%
 - range 50 – 83%



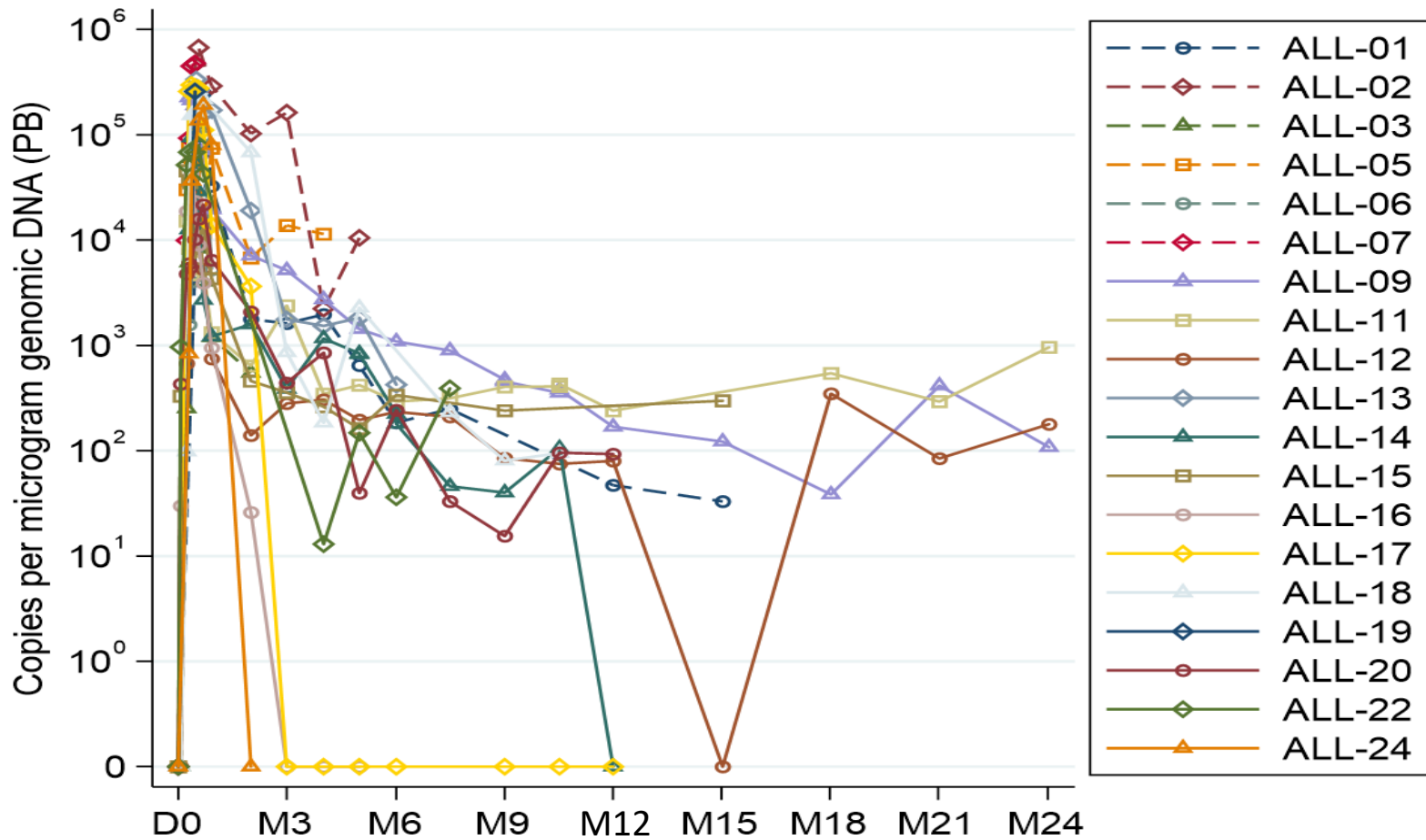
Patient Characteristics:

Treated (n=20)

Baseline Characteristics	N=20 (%)
Median age, years (range)	43 (18-62)
Gender	13M/7F
Chromosomal/Molecular status	
• Ph+ (bcr-abl)	6 (30%)
• MLL	1 (5%)
• Other	8 (40%)
• Normal	4 (20%)
• Failed	1 (5%)
Prior lines of treatment	
• Median (range)	3 (2-6)
• Prior Inotuzumab	10 (50%)
• Prior Blinatumomab	5 (25%)
• Prior allo-HSCT	13 (65%)
- sibling/haplo/VUD	4p/1p/8p

Leukemia Burden Prior to Lymphodepletion	N=20 (%)
Morphological disease	
• ≤ 5% blasts	7 (35%)
• 5 - 49% blasts	4 (20%)
• ≥ 50% blasts	9 (45%)
CNS status at registration	
• CNS 1	0 (0%)
• CNS II – III	0 (0%)
Other extranodal sites	3 (16%)

AUTO1 Pharmacokinetics: Expansion and Persistence by qPCR



ALLCAR19 qPCR PK all patients (n=19)	*Mueller 2017 (responders)	
AUC D0-28 (Geometric Mean) (Copies/ μg x days)	750 320	342 732
Half life (Median Days)	17 (Range 11-29)	14.2
Max CAR T level (Geometric Mean) (Copies/ μg)	117 670	47 988
T (Cmax) (Median Days)	14 (Range 7-21)	

* Mueller, KT et. al. Blood 130(21) 2017

★ ALL-16 developed a HAMA reaction to reject CAR

CRS (Lee Criteria)	Neurotoxicity (ICANS#)	≥ Grade 3 Cytopenia	Day -6	At Day 28
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CRS (any) in 10/20 Grade 2 in 7/20 ≥ Grade 3 CRS in 0/20 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ICANS (any) in 4/20 Grade 2 in 1/20 Grade 3 in 3/20 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ≥ Grade 3 Neutropenia 	7/20	8/17

- CRS**

- All patients who developed Grade 2 CRS had high burden B-ALL
- Tocilizumab was used in 7/20 patients (35%)

- Neurotoxicity (ICANS)**

- ≥ Grade 2 ICANS was reported in 4/20 patients: all had ≥ 50% blasts; all cases were preceded by CRS
- 3/4 cases resolved to G1 in <24h with steroids, 1/4 cases resolved to G1 in 72h with steroids

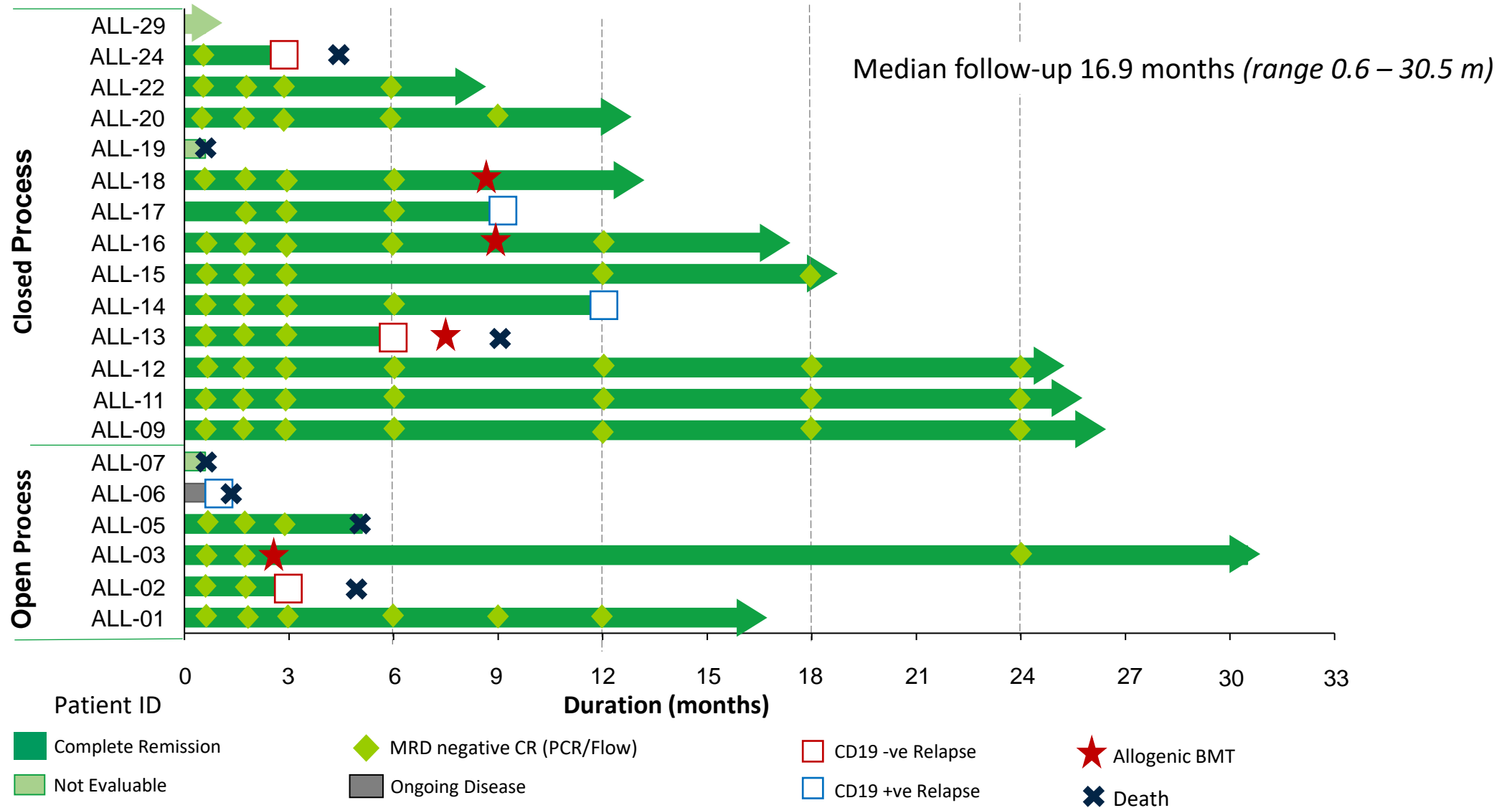
- ≥ Grade 3 neutropenia:**

- Pre-dated treatment in 7/20 patients
- At Day 28, 8/17 evaluable patients had ≥ Grade 3 neutropenia with most resolving by Month 2/3

- 7/20 patients died on study:**

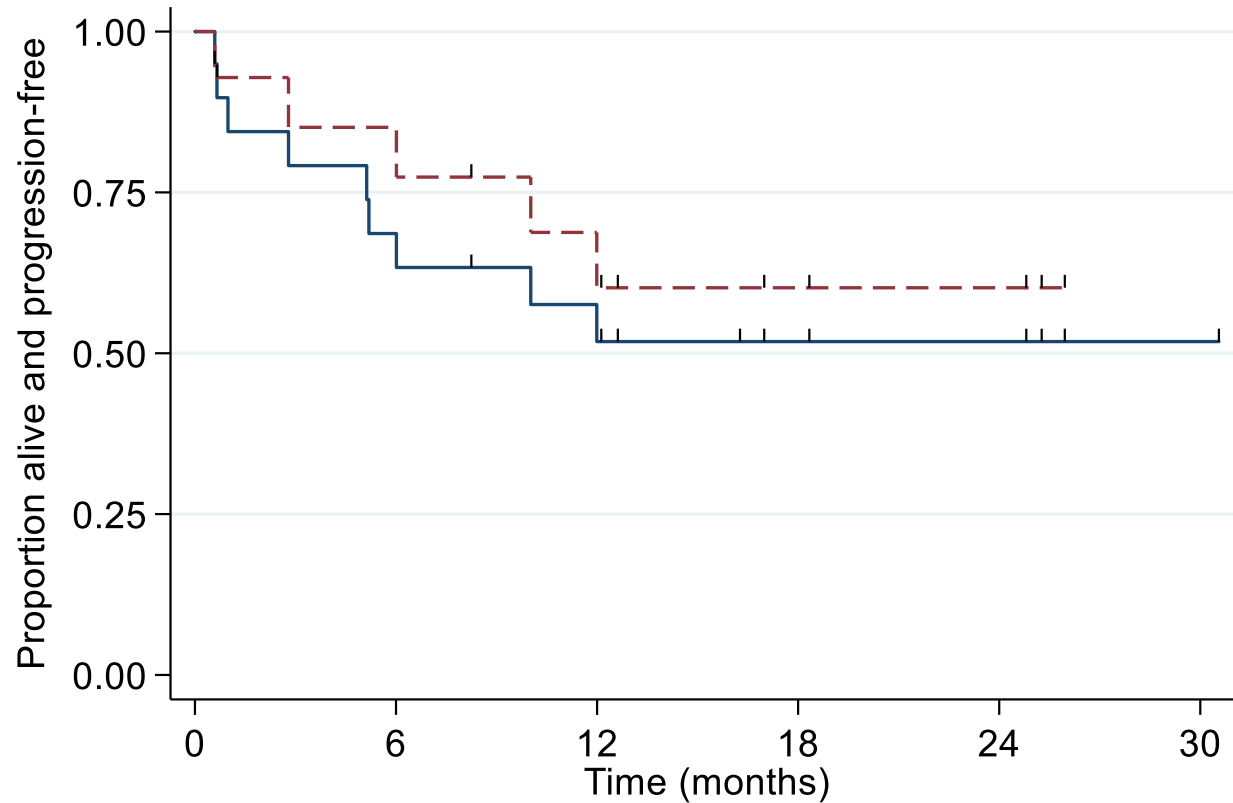
- 2/20 died from progressive B-ALL
- 1/20 died post-progression from allo-transplant-related complications (VOD/sepsis)
- 4/20 from infection: 2/4 before D28 (sepsis; invasive fungal); 1/4 at M6 in CR (MDR-pseudomonas in blood); 1/4 at M3 of COVID-19

Efficacy & Duration



MRD < 10⁻⁴ by PCR or < 5 x 10⁻⁴ based on limits of detection of assay
 Data cutoff 12-Nov-2020, Evaluable = All patients with at least M1 follow-up or death prior to Month 1.

AUTO1: Efficacy Overview



Number at risk		0	6	12	18	24	30
All patients:	20	13	9	5	4	1	
Closed:	14	11	7	4	3	0	

— All patients - - - Closed

	All patients Est [95% CI]	Closed process Est [95% CI]
N *	19	13
ORR	84%	92%
MRD Neg CR	84%	92%
DOR		
Median	Not reached	Not reached
6 months	81% [52%, 94%]	83% [48%, 96%]
12 months	68% [39%, 85%]	65% [31%, 85%]
EFS		
Median	Not reached	Not reached
6 months	69% [43%, 85%]	85% [52%, 96%]
12 months	52% [28%, 71%]	60% [29%, 81%]
OS		
Median	Not reached	Not reached
6 months	68% [43%, 84%]	85% [51%, 96%]
12 months	63% [37%, 80%]	76% [43%, 92%]

*N = All patients with at least M1 follow-up or RIP prior to Month 1.
 Event = death or morphological relapse.
 DOR, EFS and OS data are preliminary considering the small n*

Cohort 1: Indolent B-NHL

(Dose = 200 million CD19 CAR T-cells)

- relapsed/refractory (r/r) Follicular Lymphoma
- r/r Mantle Cell Lymphoma
- r/r Marginal Zone Lymphoma
- ≥ 2 prior lines of therapy including Rituximab and anthracycline

Cohort 2: High grade B-NHL

(Dose = 200 million CD19 CAR T-cells + Pembrolizumab)

- r/r DLBCL, PMBCL, transformed FL
- not Richter's transformation
- ≥ 2 prior lines of therapy including Rituximab and anthracycline

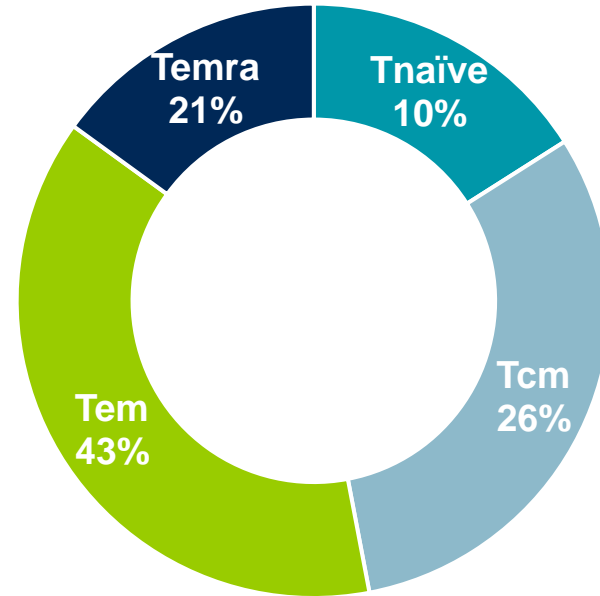
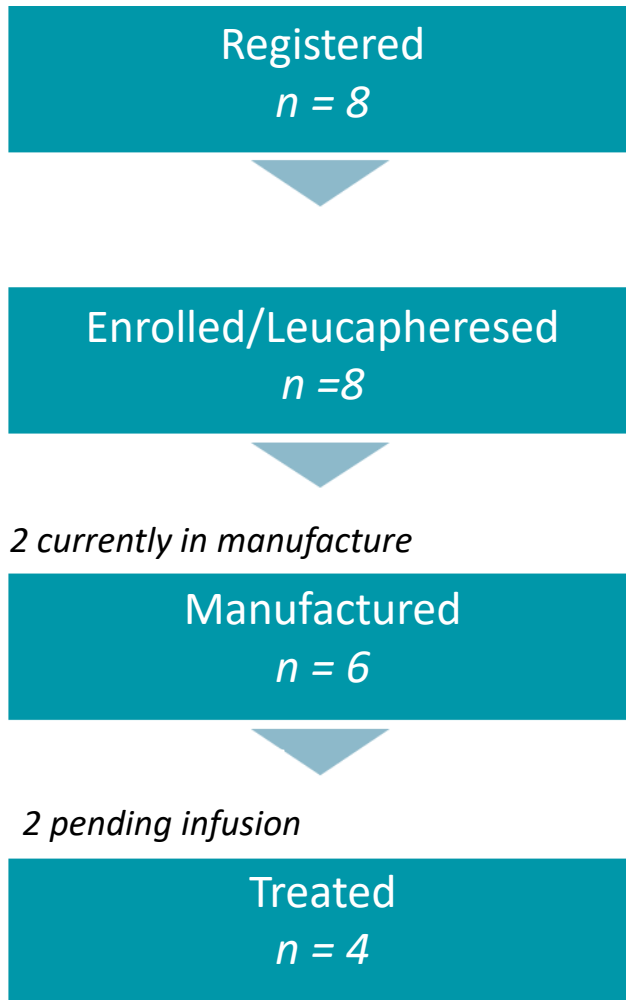
Cohort 3: CLL/SLL

(Dose = 230 million CD19 CAR T-cells/ split dose)

- r/r CLL/SLL
- ≥ 2 prior lines of therapy including Ibrutinib/BTKi

ALLCAR19 Study:

Cohort 1: Indolent NHL- products and demographics



- N=6 products QP released
- Semi-automated, closed manufacturing
- Tcm/Tnaive CAR+ (36%)
- Transduction efficiency (mean 76%)

Baseline Characteristics	N=8 (%)
Median age, years (range)	57 (39 - 68)
Gender	6M/2F
Histological diagnoses	
• MCL	2 (25%)
• FL	6 (75%)
Disease Stage	
• Stage I/II	0 (0)
• Stage III/IV	8 (100%)
Prior lines of treatment	
• Median (range)	3 (2-4)
• Prior ASCT	4 (50%)
• Prior allo-HSCT	1 (12.5%)
- sibling/haplo/VUD	0p/0p/1p

ALLCAR19 Study:

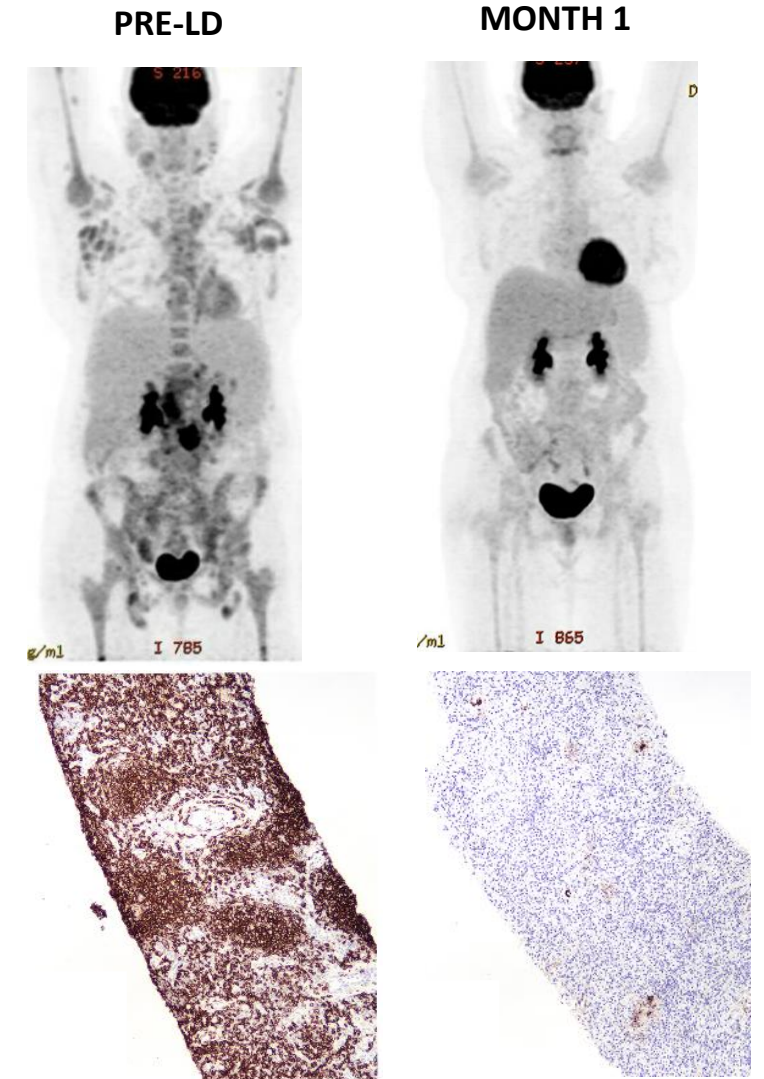
Cohort 1: Indolent NHL- toxicity, responses, engraftment

Toxicity

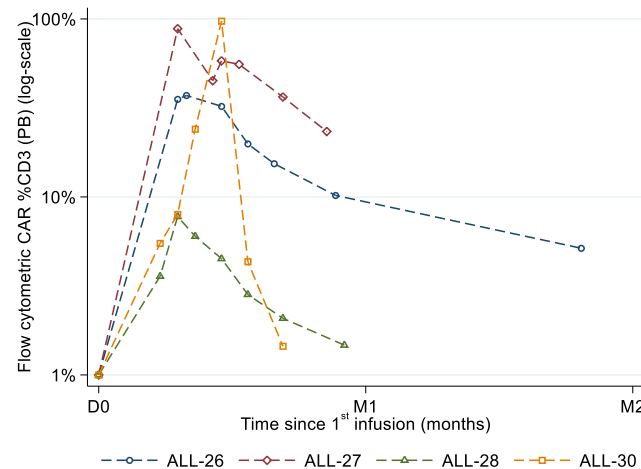
	n = 4
CRS	
any grade	3/4
≥ Grade 2	0/4
Neurotoxicity (ICANS)	
any grade	0/4
≥ Grade 3 Neutropenia	
Day -6	0/4
Day 28	0/4

Responses based on Lugano Criteria and IHC (CD20)

	n = 4
CMR	4/4
PR	0/4
SD	0/4
PD	0/4



Engraftment



- **Tolerable Safety Profile was observed:**
 - Despite high disease burden and despite heavily pre-treated patient population on study
 - No Grade 3 CRS was observed
 - Only 3/20 patients developed Grade 3 ICANS (rapid resolution with steroids)
- **Robust expansion and prolonged CAR persistence was observed**
- **Efficacy in adult r/r ALL:**
 - MRD negative CR was achieved in 16/19 (84%) patients at 1 month
 - EFS at 6 and 12 months is 69% and 52% respectively, in all treated patients
 - Responses are durable and ongoing CRs observed beyond 24 months, supporting the development of AUTO1 as a stand-alone therapy
- ***Promising early activity and safety has been observed in indolent NHL***

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